UNIT 6 PREPARING YOUR RESUME / CURRICULUM VITAE

Structure

- 6.0 Objectives
- 6.1 Warm Up
- 6.2 Reading Comprehension: Writing a Resume
- 6.3 Vocabulary: Sub-headings in a Resume
- 6.4 Grammar: Subject-Verb Agreement
- 6.5 Listening Comprehension: Guidelines on Writing a Resume
- 6.6 Writing Your Own Resume
- 6.7 Pronunciation
- 6.8 Summary
- 6.9 Answers to Self Check Exercises
- 6.10 Answer to Activity
- 6.11 References and Further Reading

6.0 OBJECTIVES

In this Unit, you will learn about the importance of Resume or Curriculum Vitae (CV) while applying for a job. We will also prepare you to write your own resume or to update your existing one to ensure that it meets international standards. You will also learn what type of information you should include in your resume and how you should organise the information.

6.1 WARM UP

Imagine that you are a librarian in a school in India, and you are looking for a young person to be an assistant librarian. You have received many resumes in response to your advertisement. Put a tick mark against the personal information necessary to select the right candidate out of the following:

- Name
- Sister's name
- Date of birth
- Name of pet dog
- Favourite book
- Contact address
- E-mail id
- Mobile number
- Passport number

6.2 READING COMPREHENSION: WRITING A RESUME

Writing a Resume

"Resume" or "Curriculum Vitae (CV)" as it is often called, is the most important weapon when it comes to job hunting. It is a tool to advertise yourself to the world of potential employees and is an instrument to present yourself and impress your potential employer. An employer normally gets a large number of applications when a job is advertised. To ensure that your application stands out, it is most important to ensure that your Resume is perfect in every respect. A prospective employer will often make a snap judgment as soon as he/she reads your resume. Even the most qualified people can find themselves rejected if their resume fails to catch the attention of an employer.

In a resume two things are important:

The contents: how good your credentials are, that is your qualifications, experience, achievements, skills and competencies etc.

The presentation: even if you have a good story to tell about yourself, it is most important to communicate it properly.

Your resume is a summary of your work. Its appearance indicates how seriously you take your work and in turn, how seriously you should be taken. It is the first impression that you give of yourself, and creating a positive first impression depends on presenting a neat, error free, well organised and easy-to-read copy.

CV length

There are no set rules governing the length of your CV – this will be decided on the basis of your career history, education and achievements. If possible, try to keep it to one page, but if this looks too crowded then spread it out over two sheets. If you write more than this, the employer has too much to read.

Everyone has a different theory when it comes to the design of a CV. Don't make your design very complicated; just make sure everything is clearly marked. Include your career, progress, education and achievements prominently so your prospective employer doesn't have to search.

Basic Format

- Start off with your name, address and contact details clearly listed at the top of the page.
- Follow this with a profile of yourself which should include an outline of your skills, experience and immediate career goals.
- After this you can put in your career history in reverse chronological order over the past 10 years – with brief descriptions of your responsibilities and achievements.
- Then comes education, interests/personal details and references.

You can't do much about the contents; you can only include what you possess! A bad presentation of good contents can result in the application getting rejected.

Writing a resume has never been as easy as it is now, thanks to the numerous websites that provide guidelines for preparing resumes substantiated with examples. Templates for resume, sample resume, ready-made resume etc. are now available on these sites. But don't have the impression that these are the standard ones and are perfect samples and offer readymade solutions! One can get ideas from these and then adapt to meet one's requirements. It is always better to have something to work on rather than starting from scratch.

Finally, remember that it is important to be truthful. Never try to smudge dates to hide periods of unemployment. A basic check will expose your deceit and ruin any chance of getting a job.

Self Check Exercise

Note: i) Write your answers at the space given below.

ii) Check your answers with the answers given at the end of this Unit.

Read the passage 'Writing a Resume' once again and answer the following questions:

1)	How does a resume help in job hunting?
2)	
2)	Why is it important to keep your resume simple and readable?
3)	How long should your resume be?
4)	In which section will you include your career goals?

Preparing for Job Interview	for Job Interview 5) What do you need to keep in mind while describing career his				
	6)	Should you hide in y	our resume that you	were unemployed for six months?	
	6.3	VOCABUL	ARY: SUB-HE	ADINGS IN A RESUME	
		ere is no one single water a Resume to cove	• •	ne. However, employers normally	
		Education	Personal details	Experience	
		Hobbies	Additional skills	Achievements	
	Self	f Check Exercise			
	Not	ote: i) Write your answers at the space given below.			
		ii) Check your ar	nswer with the answe	er given at the end of this Unit.	
	7)	Look at the following above, you would p		under which headings mentioned	
		 Fluent in English 	sh		
		Photography			
		University of D	elhi		
		 Good communi 	cation skills		
		 Responsibility f 	For cataloguing		
		 Assistant Librar 	rian (2006 – 2008)		
		 Web designing 			
		 29 years 			

6.4 GRAMMAR: SUBJECT-VERB AGREEMENT

Read the following sentences:

- A Some *employers treat* their employees very badly.
- B An *employer* normally *gets* a large number of applications when a job is advertised.

In sentence A, the subject *employers* is in plural form. The verb *treat* is also in the plural form.

In sentence B, the subject *employer* is in the singular form, therefore, the verb *gets* which has been used, is also in the singular form.

A finite verb in a sentence always agrees with its subject in number and person. When the subject is singular, the verb must be singular. When the subject is plural, the verb must be plural. In English, the only subject that affects the ending of the main verb or auxiliary is the third person singular.

1st person singular I work.
2nd person singular You work.

3rd person singular She/he/It works.

1st person plural We work.
2nd person plural You work.
3rd person plural They work.

Let us now look at some rules of subject-verb agreement:

Singular Subjects That Look Plural

1) There are certain verbs which end in *s* and look plural, but they are singular in number. They take singular verbs.

Physics is one of the most interesting subjects.

The *news* that everyone survived the crash *is* good to hear.

Gulliver's Travels is a famous book.

2) When a proper noun is plural in form but stands for one 'thing' or 'company' it takes a singular plural.

Bahri and Sons is a famous book store in Khan Market.

Singapore Airlines is my favourite airlines.

3) When two nouns are joined with *and*, and refer to the same person or thing or concern one idea, they take the singular verb.

Rice and fish curry is my favourite dish.

Slow and steady wins the race.

4) When two singular subjects are joined by *or*, *either-or*, *neither-nor*, they take a singular verb.

Neither Australia nor England is likely to win the World Cup.

I'm sure he or his brother is to blame.

Either Sunita or Sumit has done it.

5) The following pronouns are always singular and they take singular verbs.

Anybody	anyone	anything	each	either
every/body/one/thing	neither	nobody	no one	somebody
someone	something			

Nobody is allowed to enter the building after office hours.

Everyone has a different theory when it comes to the design of a CV.

Neither of the managers is going on the trip.

6) When the subject is a unit of measurement or a mathematical unit, the verb used is singular.

Six months is a long time to wait.

Three kilometers is quite a long walk.

Subject which is Plural:

1) These nouns are always plural in form and take plural verbs like: trousers, pants, shorts, scissors, pliers, socks, spectacles.

My new spectacles are lost.

Your blue socks are in the drawer.

The *trousers need* repair.

Your new *shorts look* really cool.

2) Two and more singular nouns joined by and make a plural subject. They take a plural verb.

Jack and Jill are coming.

India and Pakistan are neighbours.

3) The following pronouns are always plural and take plural verbs:

both, many, few, several.

Both the twins look alike.

Many children participated in the Science Talent Contest, but *few have* passed. *Several* of the paintings *were* destroyed in the fire.

Self Check Exercise

Note: i) Write your answers at the space given below.

- ii) Check your answers with the answers given at the end of this Unit.
- 8) Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb given in brackets.
 - i) The cars parked on the street ahead. (is / are)
 - ii) The carpeta lot of stains. (has / have)

	111)	The Trade Union Members' Meeting being held in the Conference Room. (is / are)	Preparing Your Re Curriculum
	iv)	Fifteen years a very long time! (is / are)	
	v)	Neither her father nor her mother very tall.(is / are)	
	vi)	Either this woman or that man stolen the watch. (has / have)	
	vii)	At the party, everyone well dressed. (was / were)	
	viii)	Baked beans and toast my favourite dish for breakfast. (is / are)	
	ix)	Many children injured in the accident. (was / were)	
	x)	Something amiss in this room. (seem /seems)	
9)	wro	t the Mistakes: Read the following text. There are 12 verbs that are ng. Rewrite the passage with the correct form of the verb in the space yided.	
	Rec	ne jobs is very demanding but nevertheless, someone have to do them. ently, I saw an advertisement in the newspaper where Brown & Polson e looking for a Chocolate Purchase Manager. The Company were offering ay \$ 40,000 per year for the right candidate.	
	trav	nature of the job are also very interesting. The applicant are expected to el to Africa to selects the right cocoa to be used in the making of colate.	
		company are expecting a lot of applications for the job. They is looking someone who work hard, enjoy traveling and love chocolate.	
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		
	•••••		

ON WRITING A RESUME

Activity

1) Listen to the guidelines on writing a resume. Fill in the blanks to complete the instructions.

Preparing for Job Interview

General guidelines for writing a resume:

1)	Try to contain your resume in
ii)	Start with your name and You must include phone numbers and
iii)	If you have any experience, state the same first and your
iv)	In case of experience and educational qualifications, always write theand the first and the earlier ones later
v)	It is helpful to give your, since many employers draw conclusions from these.
vi)	whatever you have written.
vii) Ensure there are no spelling or
vii	i) Since the Resume is the first contact you are making with an employer, there is no need to give details of, unless asked for.
ix)	from sample Resumes from websites.
x)	Use good typeface and type size, and if sending by snail mail,
6.6	WRITING YOUR OWN RESUME
	e:
Age:	
	phone :
E-ma	il:
Profe	essional experience:
Educ	ational qualification:
Addi	tional skills and competencies, if relevant to the job:
Extra	curricular activities/hobbies:
1	

6.7 PRONUNCIATION

Listen to these words / phrases and repeat them after the teacher.

applications templates career goals

personal details professional experience educational qualifications

employer employee advertisement

contact address

6.8 SUMMARY

In this Unit we have focused on the importance of writing a good resume. You have learnt that clarity and impact are necessary to make you stand out in the crowd. You also learnt about the type of information you need to include and how to organise these under different headings.

6.9 ANSWERS TO SELF CHECK EXERCISES

- A resume helps in job hunting by giving a first overall impression of one's educational background, skills and competencies and achievements to the potential employer.
- 2) If a resume is not clear and readable it will get rejected. Most employers spend only a few seconds on a resume.
- 3) A resume should be one or maximum two pages only.
- 4) Career goals will be included in my profile.
- 5) Career history should be presented in reverse chronological order.
- 6) No. Most employers will check on the basic details. It is risky to lie in your resume.

7) Fluent in English Additional skills

Photography Hobbies
University of Delhi Education

Good communication skills Additional skills

Responsibility for cataloguing **Professional experience**Assistant Librarian (2006 – 2008) **Professional experience**

Web designing Additional skills
29 years Personal details

- 8) i) The cars **are** parked on the street ahead.
 - ii) The carpet **has** a lot of stains.
 - iii) The Trade Union Members' Meeting **is** being held in the Conference Room.
 - iv) Fifteen years is a very long time!
 - v) Neither her father nor her mother **is** very tall.

- vi) Either this woman or that man has stolen the watch.
- vii) At the party, everyone was well dressed.
- viii) Baked beans and toast is my favourite dish for breakfast.
- ix) Many children were injured in the accident.
- x) Something **seems** amiss in this room.
- 9) Text with correct form of the verbs:

Some jobs **are** very demanding but nevertheless, someone **has** to do them. Recently, I saw an advertisement in the newspaper where Brown & Polson **was** looking for a Chocolate Purchase Manager. The Company **was** offering to pay \$ 40,000 per year for the right candidate.

The nature of the job **is** also very interesting. The applicant **is** expected to travel to Africa to select the right cocoa to be used in the making of chocolate.

The company **is** expecting a lot of applications for the job. They **are** looking for someone who **works** hard, **enjoys** traveling and **loves** chocolate.

6.10 ANSWER TO ACTIVITY

- 1) i) one or maximum two pages
 - ii) contact details, email id.
 - iii) educational qualifications later
 - iv) last experience/qualification first
 - v) age and language proficiency
 - vi) Proof-read
 - vii) grammatical errors
 - viii) referees
 - ix) take guidance
 - x) print on good quality A4 size paper

6.11 REFERENCES AND FURTHER READING

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Wendy S. Enelow, W. S. and Arnold G. Boldt A. G. No-Nonsense Resumes: The Essential Guide to Creating Attention-Grabbing Resumes That Get Interviews & Job Offers, Career Press, 2006, Print.

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